

# Key

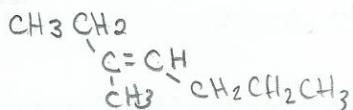
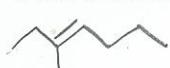
- Alkenes and alkynes are unsaturated (saturated / unsaturated). Why?  
fewer H's than corresponding alkane; contains = or  $\equiv$  bonds
- What is the geometry about the carbons in the double bond of alkenes? Why?  
trigonal planar; surrounded by three electron groups
- Draw the difference between *cis* and *trans* isomers. (try 2-hexene). Is this a form of structural or conformational isomers? -structured (there is no rotation about the double bond, so it will not be conformational)
 

<u>cis</u>	<u>trans</u>

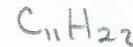
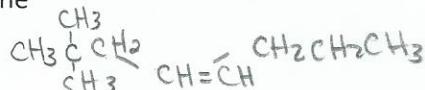
## Nomenclature

- Draw each of the following molecules and give the molecular formula:

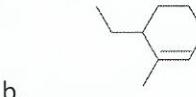
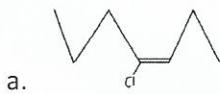
- trans*-3-methyl-3-heptene



- cis*-2,2-dimethyl-4-nonene



- Name each of the following molecules and give the molecular formula:



cis-4-chloro-3-heptene

3-ethyl-2-methylcyclohexene

## Reactions

- The following reactions all start from the same molecule, **2-butene**. 1) Draw this molecule, then 2) perform the following reactions on it

- a. Hydrogenation-



- b. Halogenation-



- c. Hydrohalogenation -



- Draw and name isomers for  $\text{C}_5\text{H}_{10}$

Wait  
until  
next  
week!

C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>10</sub>

