1. Write the R formula for carboxylic acids \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. Write three acid properties of carboxylic acids.
3. Carboxylic acids are **strong / weak** acids.
4. What do β, ϒ, and α refer to for carboxylic acids?
5. Name the following carboxylic acids.
	1.  b. 

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

* 1. CH3CH2CH(CH3)CH(CH3)COOH \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
1. Draw the following carboxylic acids.
	1. Acetic acid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	2. Formic acid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	3. β- hydroxybutanoic acid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
	4. α, ϒ-diethyloctanoic acid \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_
2. How are carboxylic acids formed? Give an example.

\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

1. Oxidize propanol.